

**TILLMAN COUNTY
BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS**

RESOLUTION # 1884

Pursuant to 19 O.S. § 623, it is the duty of the Tillman County Treasurer to receive and deposit all monies belonging to the County and in the best interest of the County, funds received by the County Treasurer be properly safeguarded and maintained.

Pursuant to 62 O.S. § 348A and 62 O.S. § 348B, the Tillman County Board of County Commissioners do authorize, by Resolution and Written Investment Policy, the Tillman County Treasurer to deposit, for investment purposes, funds considered as surplus, located in the General Fund and any other funds or accounts, in the custody of the County Treasurer for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2025 through June 30, 2026. Investments shall be deposited in certificates of deposits and/or money market accounts to draw interest with FDIC coverage. The County Treasurer will have full discretion in decisions concerning the investment of county funds and monies, but shall give due consideration to liquidity, diversification, safety of principal, yield, maturity, quality and capability of investment management, with primary emphasis on safety and liquidity.

The safe located in the office of the County Treasurer is designated as a safe and secure receptacle for safekeeping of all investments. *The safe deposit box(es) located at (list financial institutions) is/are designated as safe and secure receptacles for safekeeping of the investments.*

Pursuant to 62 O.S. § 517.3, the County Treasurer shall deposit in one or more financial institutions that are designated as the official depositories of the County. The Board of County Commissioners designate the following financial institutions as the official depositories for Tillman County deposits into demand accounts and investment purposes made by the County Treasurer:

BANCFIRST
PO BOX 430
FREDERICK, OK 73542

FRAZER BANK
815 NORTH MAIN
FREDERICK, OK 73542

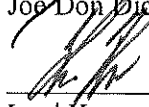
It is further stated that neither the members of the Board of County Commissioners nor the County Treasurer owns any stock or otherwise pecuniary interest in any of designated official depositories of the County.

ADOPTED AND APPROVED by the Tillman County Board of Commissioners this 22nd day of June, 2026.

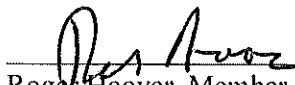
BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS
TILLMAN COUNTY, OKLAHOMA



Joe Don Dickey, Chairman



Levi Krasser, Vice-Chairman

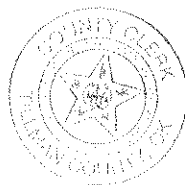


Roger Hoover, Member

ATTEST:



Cacy Caldwell, County Clerk



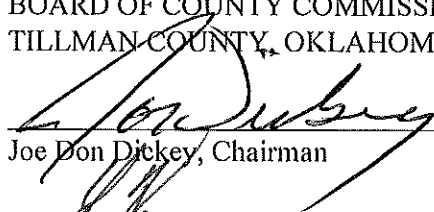
**TILLMAN COUNTY, OKLAHOMA
INVESTMENT POLICY
FISCAL YEAR 2027**

Adoption and Effective Date:

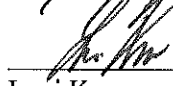
This policy is formally adopted and takes effect on the 1st day of July, 2025.

Approved this 22nd day of June, 2026.

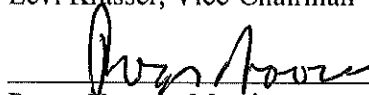
BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS
TILLMAN COUNTY, OKLAHOMA



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I. Governing Authority

Legality

The investment program shall be operated in conformance with federal, state, and other legal requirements, including *Oklahoma State Statutes*.

<http://www.oscn.net>

II. Scope

This policy applies to the investment of all operating and trust funds of Tillman County. Longer-term funds, including investments of employees' retirement funds and proceeds from certain bond issues, are covered by a separate policy.

1. Pooling of Funds

Except for cash in certain restricted and special funds, the County can consolidate cash balances from all funds to maximize investment earnings. Investment income will be allocated to the various funds based on their respective participation and in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

General Operation Funds

Operational Funds shall be pooled managed for liquidity.

Reserve Funds

The County will determine liquidity needs for operational funds and set aside other moneys in a reserve pool.

2. External Management of Funds

Investment through external programs, facilities and professionals operating in a manner consistent with this policy will constitute compliance.

III. General Objectives

The primary objectives, in priority order, of investment activities shall be safety, liquidity, and yield:

1. Safety

Safety of principal is the foremost objective of the investment program. Investments shall be undertaken in a manner that seeks to ensure the preservation of capital in the overall portfolio. The objective will be to identify and mitigate credit risk and interest rate risk through diversification.

a. Credit Risk

The County will minimize credit risk, the risk of loss due to the failure of the security issuer or backer, by:

- Pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries, and advisors with which the County will do business.
- Diversifying the portfolio so that potential losses on individual securities will be minimized through diversification.
- Investment Ratings will be measured by Standard and Poor's, Moody's, and or Fitch Rating Agencies

b. Interest Rate Risk

The County will minimize the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in general interest rates, by:

- Structuring the investment portfolio so that the modified duration of the portfolio as a whole is not higher than 3.00 in a relatively high-interest rate market and not more than 1.5 in a relatively low-interest rate market.
- Investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities.
- Measuring Modified and Effective Duration to measure interest rate risk.

2. Liquidity

The investment portfolio shall remain sufficiently liquid to meet all operating requirements that may be reasonably anticipated. This is accomplished by structuring the portfolio so that securities mature concurrent with cash needs to meet anticipated demands (static liquidity). Furthermore, since all possible cash demands cannot be anticipated, the portfolio should consist largely of securities with active secondary or resale markets (dynamic liquidity). A portion of the portfolio also may be placed in bank deposits or repurchase agreements that offer same-day liquidity for short-term funds.

3. Yield

The investment portfolio shall be designed with the objective of attaining a market rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles, taking into account the investment risk constraints and liquidity needs. Return on investment is of secondary importance compared to the safety and liquidity objectives described above. The core of investments are limited to relatively low risk securities in anticipation of earning a fair return relative to the risk being assumed. Securities shall not be sold prior to maturity with the following exceptions:

- > A security with declining credit may be sold early to minimize loss of principal.
- > A security swap would improve the quality, yield, or target duration in the portfolio.
- > Liquidity needs of the portfolio require that the security be sold.

IV. Standards of Care

1. Prudence

The standard of care to be used by investment officials shall be the "prudent person" standard and shall be applied in the context of managing an overall portfolio. Investment officers acting in accordance with written procedures and this investment policy and exercising due diligence shall be relieved of personal liability for an individual security's credit risk or market price changes, provided deviations from expectations are reported in a timely fashion to the governing body and the liquidity and the sale of securities are carried out in accordance with the terms of this policy.

Investments shall be made with judgment and care, under circumstances then prevailing, which persons of prudence, discretion and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the probable safety of their capital as well as the probable income to be derived.

The investment officer and staff, acting in accordance with the written procedures and exercising due diligence, shall not be held personally responsible for a specific security's credit risk or market price changes.

For Bond issues to which the federal yield arbitrage regulations apply, the primary objections shall be to obtain satisfactory market yields to minimize the costs associated with negative arbitrage.

2. Ethics and Conflicts of Interest

Officers and employees involved in the investment process shall refrain from personal business activity that could conflict with the proper execution and management of the investment program, or that could impair their ability to make impartial decisions. Employees and investment officials shall disclose any material interests in financial institutions with which they conduct business. They shall further disclose any personal financial/investment positions that could be related to the performance of the investment portfolio. Employees and officers shall refrain from undertaking personal investment transactions with the same individual with which business is conducted on behalf of the County.

3. Delegation of Authority

Authority to manage the investment program is granted to Treasurer and derived from the following 62 O.S § 348A and § 348B.

<http://www.oscn.net>

Responsibility for the operation of the investment program is hereby delegated to the investment officer, who shall act in accordance with the established written procedures and internal controls for the operation of the investment program consistent with this investment policy. Procedures should include references to: safekeeping, delivery vs. payment, investment accounting, repurchase agreements, wire transfer agreements, and collateral/depository agreements.

No person may engage in an investment transaction except as provided under the terms of this policy and the procedures established by the investment officer. The County Treasurer shall be responsible for all transactions undertaken and shall establish a system of controls to regulate the activities of subordinate officials.

V. Investment Transactions

1. Authorized Financial Dealers and Institutions

A list will be maintained of financial institutions authorized to provide investment transactions. In addition, a list also will be maintained of approved security broker/dealers selected by an interview process as determined by the County Treasurer and approved by the governing body. These may include "primary" dealers or regional dealers that qualify under Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) Rule 15C3-1 (uniform net capital rule).

All financial institutions and broker/dealers who desire to become qualified for investment transactions must supply the following as appropriate:

- Proof of Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA) certification.
- Proof of state registration.
- Certification of having read and understood and agreeing to comply with the County investment policy.

An annual review of the financial condition and registration of qualified financial institutions and broker/dealers will be conducted by the investment officer.

From time to time, the investment officer may choose to invest in instruments offered by emerging or minority firms and community financial institutions. In such situations, a waiver to the criteria under Paragraph 1 may be granted by the governing body. All terms and relationships will be fully disclosed prior to purchase and will be reported to the governing body of the County on a consistent basis; The governing body of the County should approve these types of investment purchases in advance.

2. Internal Controls

The investment officer is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure that will be reviewed, annually with the County's independent auditor. The internal control structure shall be designed to ensure that the assets of the County are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to provide reasonable assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that (1) the cost of control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits require estimates and judgments by management.

The internal controls shall address the following points:

- Control of collusion.
- Separation of transaction authority from accounting and record keeping.
- Custodial safekeeping.
 - Securities delivered by book entry shall be held in third party safekeeping by the trust department of the bank in the name of the County. The trust department of the bank will be considered to be a third party for the purposes of safekeeping of securities purchased from the bank.
- Avoidance of physical delivery securities.
- Clear delegation of authority to subordinate staff members.
- Written confirmation of transactions for investments and wire transfers.
- Development of a wire transfer agreement with the lead bank and third-party custodian.
- Accounting method. The County shall comply with the Government Accounting Standard Board (GASB) requirements in reporting assets.

3. Delivery vs. Payment

All trades where applicable will be executed by delivery vs. payment (DVP) to ensure that securities are deposited in eligible financial institutions prior to the release of funds. All securities shall be perfected in the name or for the account of the County and shall be held by a third-party custodian as evidenced by safekeeping receipts. CD's, money market, and investment pool purchases that are typically purchased without DVP can be purchased through a wire or other means provided due diligence has been performed on where the funds are being transferred too.

VI. Suitable and Authorized Investments

1. Investment Types

In accordance with and subject to restrictions imposed by current statutes, the following list represents the entire range of investments that the County will consider, and which shall be authorized for the investments of funds by the County.

- a. United States Treasury Securities. The County may invest in obligations of the United States government for which the full faith and credit of the United States are pledged for the payment of principal and interest.
- b. United States Agency Securities & Instrumentalities. The County may invest in obligations issued or guaranteed by any agency of the United States Government as described in V. (2).
- c. Repurchase Agreements. The County may invest in contractual agreements between the County and commercial banks or primary government securities dealers. The purchaser in a repurchase agreement (repo) enters into a contractual agreement to purchase U.S. Treasury and government agency securities while simultaneously agreeing to resell the securities at predetermined dates and prices.
- d. Collateralized Public Deposits (Certificates of Deposit). Instruments issued by financial institutions which state that specified sums have been deposited for specified periods of time and at specified rates of interest. The certificates of deposit are required to be backed by acceptable collateral securities as dictated by State statute.

Certificates of deposit or other deposits of national banks located within the and state- chartered banks under supervision provided such deposits are insured or collateralized as provided by the Oklahoma Security for Public Deposits Act.

Also allowable are Certificates of deposit, which are fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Federally insured certificates of deposit issued through the Certificate of Deposit Account Registry Service (CDARS) by financial institutions located in the United States, provided that (i) the funds are initially invested by the jurisdiction through a financial institution that is participating in CDARS and that is located and doing business in Oklahoma; (ii) the financial institution in the State receives reciprocal deposits from customers of other financial institutions in an amount equal to the funds initially invested by the Authority; and (iii) each such certificate of deposit is in an amount that is eligible for full FDIC insurance coverage. The Banks financial health should be checked through <http://research.fdic.gov/bankfmd>.

- e. Bankers' Acceptances. Time drafts drawn on and accepted by a commercial bank, otherwise known as bankers' acceptances. The County may invest in bankers' acceptances issued by domestic commercial

banks possessing the highest rating issued by Moody's Investor Services, Inc. or Standard and Poor's Corporation.

- f. Commercial Paper. The County may invest in commercial paper issued by domestic corporations, which has received the highest rating issued by Moody's Investor Services, Inc. or Standard and Poor's Corporation. Eligible paper is further limited to issuing corporations that have total commercial paper program size in excess of five hundred million dollars (\$500,000,000).
- g. Money market mutual funds regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission and whose portfolios consist only of dollar-denominated securities
- h. Local government investment pools either state-administered or developed through joint powers statutes and other intergovernmental agreement legislation.

2. Security Selection

The following list represents the entire range of United States Agency Securities that the County will consider, and which shall be authorized for the investment of funds by the County. Additionally, the following definitions and guidelines should be used in purchasing the instruments:

- a. U.S. Govt. Agency and instrumentalities Coupon and Zero-Coupon Securities. Bullet Coupon bonds with no embedded options.
- b. U.S. Govt. Agency and instrumentalities Discount Notes. Purchased at a discount with maximum maturities of one (1) year.
- c. U.S. Govt. Agency and instrumentalities Callable Securities. Restricted to securities callable at par only with final maturities of five (5) years.
- d. U.S. Govt. Agency and instrumentalities Step-Up Securities. The coupon rate is fixed for an initial term. At coupon date, the coupon rate rises to a new, higher fixed term. Restricted to securities with final maturities of five (5) years.
- e. U.S. Govt. Agency Floating Rate Securities. The coupon rate floats off one index. Restricted to coupons with no interim caps that reset at least quarterly.
- f. U.S. Govt. Mortgage-Backed Securities. Restricted to securities with final maturities of five (5) years.
- g. Money market mutual funds regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission and whose portfolios consist only of dollar-denominated securities.
- h. Local government investment pools either state-administered or developed through joint powers statutes and other intergovernmental agreement legislation.

3. Investment Restrictions and Prohibited Transactions

To provide for the safety and liquidity of County funds, the investment portfolio will be subject to the following restrictions:

- a. Borrowing for investment purposes ("Leverage") is prohibited.
- b. Instruments known as Structured Notes (e.g., inverse floaters, leveraged floaters, and equity-linked securities) are not permitted. Investment in any instrument, which is commonly considered a "derivative" instrument (e.g., options, futures, swaps, caps, floors, and collars), is prohibited.
- c. Contracting to sell securities not yet acquired in order to purchase other securities for purposes of speculating on developments or trends in the market is prohibited.
- d. No more than 5% of the total market value of the portfolio may be invested in bankers' acceptances issued by any one commercial bank and no more than 5% of the total market value of the portfolio may be invested in commercial paper of any one issuer.

4. Collateralization

Collateralization will be required on two types of investments: certificates of deposit and repurchase agreements. The market value (including accrued interest) of the collateral should be at least 102%.

For certificates of deposit, the market value of collateral must be at least 102% or greater of the amount of certificates of deposits plus demand deposits with the depository, less the amount, if any, which is insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or the National Credit Unions Share Insurance Fund.

All securities, which serve as collateral against the deposits of a depository institution, must be safe kept at a non-affiliated custodial facility. Depository institutions pledging collateral against deposits must, in conjunction with the custodial agent, furnish the necessary custodial receipts within five business days from the settlement date.

The County shall have a depository contract and pledge agreement with each safekeeping bank, that will comply with the Financial Institutions, Reform, Recovery, and Enforcement Act of 1989 (FIRREA). This will ensure that the County security interest in collateral pledged to secure deposits is enforceable against the receiver of a failed financial institution.

5. Repurchase Agreements

The securities for which repurchase agreements will be transacted will be limited to U.S. Treasury and government agency securities that are eligible to be delivered via the Federal Reserve's Fed wire book entry system. Securities will be delivered to the County designated Custodial Agent. Funds and securities will be transferred on a delivery vs. payment basis.

VII. Investment Parameters

1. Diversification

The investments shall be diversified to minimize the risk of loss resulting from over concentration of assets in specific maturity, specific issuer, or specific class of securities. Diversification strategies shall be established and periodically reviewed. At a minimum, diversification standards by security type and issuer shall be:

- a. U.S. treasuries and securities having principal and/or interest guaranteed by the U.S. government 80%
- b. Collateralized time and demand deposit.....50%
- c. US Government agencies, and government sponsored enterprisesNo more than 70%
- d. Collateralized repurchase agreements.....29%
- e. U.S. Government agency callable securities.....No more than 60%
- f. Commercial Paper.....No more than 60%
- g. Bankers' Acceptances.....No more than 60%
- h. Certificates of Deposit (CD's) and CDARs.....No more than 60%

2. Maximum Maturities

To the extent possible, the County shall attempt to match its investments with anticipated cash flow requirements. Investments in bankers' acceptances and commercial paper shall mature and become payable not more than one hundred eighty days (180) from the date of purchase. All other investments shall mature and become payable not more than five (5) years from the date of purchase. The County shall adopt

weighted average maturity limitations that should not exceed three (3) years and is consistent with the investment objectives.

Because of inherent difficulties in accurately forecasting cash flow requirements, a portion of the portfolio should be continuously invested in readily available funds such as in bank deposits or overnight repurchase agreements to ensure that appropriate liquidity is maintained to meet ongoing obligations.

Capital projects funds can be invested to match the project and can be extended past 5 years at the discretion of the treasurer.

Maximum Maturities of Debt Service Reserve Funds

Funds in the Debt Service Reserve Funds (DSRF) may have a longer maturity than 5 years but may not extend longer than the maturity of the issue.

VIII. Reporting

1. Methods

The investment officer shall prepare an investment report at least quarterly, including a management summary that provides an analysis of the status of the current investment portfolio and transactions made over the last quarter. This management summary will be prepared in a manner that will allow the County to ascertain whether investment activities during the reporting period have conformed to the investment policy. The report should be provided to the governing body of the County. The report will include the following:

- Listing of individual securities held at the end of the reporting period.
- Realized and unrealized gains or losses resulting from appreciation or depreciation by listing the cost and market value of securities over one-year duration (in accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) 31 requirements). [Note, this is only required annually]
- Average weighted yield to maturity of portfolio on investments as compared to applicable benchmarks.
- Listing of investment by maturity date.
- Percentage of the total portfolio, which each type of investment represents.

2. Performance Standards

The investment portfolio will be managed in accordance with the parameters specified within this policy. The portfolio should obtain a market average rate of return during a market/economic environment of stable interest rates. A series of appropriate benchmarks may be established against which portfolio performance shall be compared on a regular basis.

Commercial paper and bankers' acceptances must be reviewed monthly to determine if the rating level has changed. The commercial paper and bankers' acceptances should be reviewed for possible sale if the securities are downgraded below the minimum acceptable rating levels.

3. Marking to Market

The market value of the portfolio shall be calculated at least quarterly and a statement of the market value of the portfolio shall be issued at least annually to the governing body of the County. This will ensure that review of the investment portfolio, in terms of value and price volatility, has been performed.

IX. Policy Considerations

1. Exemption

Any investment currently held that does not meet the guidelines of this policy shall be exempt from the requirements of this policy. At maturity or liquidation, such monies shall be reinvested only as provided by this policy.

2. Adoption

This policy shall be adopted by resolution of the County governing body. The investment officer shall review the policy annually and recommended changes will be presented to the governing body for consideration.

TILLMAN COUNTY STATUTORILY APPROVED INVESTMENT ENTITIES

For Custodial/Safekeeping Accounts:

BANCFIRST
PO BOX 430
FREDERICK, OK 73542

For Investment Portfolio Pledged Securities (Sweep Accounts):

BANCFIRST
PO BOX 430
FREDERICK, OK 73542

Collateralized Deposits:

BANCFIRST
PO BOX 430
FREDERICK, OK 73542